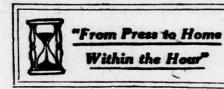
For full report, see page 11.



No. 19,974.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1915-TWENTY PAGES.

# NOTE TO GERMANY

Expects to Put the Finishing More Than 20,000 at Monte-Touches on Latest Communication Today.

### MAKING MINOR CHANGES IN ITS PHRASEOLOGY

Will Be Sent to State Department to Be Cabled Tonight or Tomorrow to Ambassador Gerard.

President Wilson today was putting the finishing touches on his latest note to Germany conterning the sinking of the Lusitania. It already had been approved in principle by the cabinet. All that was needed today to start the communication on its way to Berlin was the making of minor thanges in phraseology. This was the task before the President.

The President was expected to complete the work of revision during the day. The note then from supplies arriving from the United will be sent to the State Department for transmission by cable alone at the American hospital. probably tonight or tomorrow to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, Hanna thanks to President Wilson, who will in turn present it to the the American Red Cross and the German foreign office.

will be brief but emphatic are whom are not responsible for "the most borne out, it is said, by the text awful conditions." as it now stands.

It was emphasized by prominent government officials today that Germany's contention that the Lusitania was a war vessel and the claim that passengers were warned against sailing on the Lusitania and did so at their own risk is not evaculy correct.

risk is not exactly correct.
Germany's warning was general against sailing on all "vessels flying the flag of Great Britain." The point that Germany considered the Lusitania a war vessel was not noted in the warning issued from the German embers. Now the press of the ng issued from the German em-here through the press of the

## Insists on Definite Answer.

In the note to Germany, approved by the cabinet, the principle is fixed and unalterable—that the United States must know definitely and very promptly whethmany intends to ignore visit and search rights and continue her practice f torpedoing vessels without warning; lacing the lives of noncombatants in separdy, or whether rules of maritime arfare which have governed for cen-uries will be followed.

alternative course is not stated, The alternative course is not stated, but it is now generally known that the United States in the event of an unfavorable reply will discontinue diplomatic relations with Germany.

The note sets aside as irrelevant all the contentions of the German reply of last Saturday, except one—whether the Lusitania was armed—and restates the

Lusitania was armed—and restates the position taken by the United States previously that the Lusitania, after official investigation by competent inspectors, sailed from an American port with no guns aboard, either mounted or unmounted. It further calls Germany's attention to the fact that the Lusitania

## German Offer of Reparation.

The arrival of a communication from the German government expressing regret for the attack on the American steame Guiffight, offering to pay indemnity as soon as a claim is presented and details arranged, and making a further promise to take into consideration any facts which the United States may have on the dropping of bombs by German airmen upon the American steamer Cushing, made unnecessary any discussion of these cases in the new note to Germany.

The United States had not, for that matter, been disposed to discuss in the new note any of these cases. When the principles of the main issue—the submarine warfare on merchant ships—are settled, the Lusitania and Falaba cases, in which about 115 Americans lost their lives, will be taken up.

It is understood that some attention had been given in the note to the claim of Germany that, as the Lusitania was on the British naval list, she must Gulflight, offering to pay indemnity as

of Germany that, as the Lusitania was on the British naval list, she must therefore be considered as an auxiliary cruiser. The American point of view has been in accordance with the practice of many nations and The Hague convention rules that the change from a peaceful merchantman to an auxiliary cruiser is a proceeding of a distinct character attended by certain formalities, such as the commissioning of the vessel. In the case of British vessels, this is done in a home port.

## May Restate Conclusions.

In some quarters it was suggested that the President before dispatching the communication would embody in it a restatement of the conclusion of spected the note of May 12, in which the imperial government was warned not to expect the United States "to omit any word of any act necessary to the per-formance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens."

taining the rights of the United States and its citizens."

It was explained authoritatively that while the British and French embassies had not arranged safe conduct for Myer Gerhard on his trip to Berlin as the representative of the German ambasador, the State Department had found means of assuring itself that the envoy would not be molested by the ships of the allied fieet. It was said, too, that safe conduct had not yet been granted for Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, although it undoubtedly would be arranged when wanted.

In German quarters here it is expected that Germany's reply will be with-

ed that Germany's reply will be with-held until Mr. Gerhard has arrived and explained the situation. This, it is explained the situation. This, it is estimated, will take at least a fortnight, as the boat on which the envoy sailed would not bring him to Denmark much sooner.

## AMERICANS IN BERLIN NOT WARNED TO LEAVE

## PRESIDENT REVISING HUNGRY MEXICANS DESPERATE BATTLE ARE FED BY U. S.

rey Given Food Furnished by American Red Cross.

S. P. NORRIS IS TO TAKE CHARGE OF RELIEF WORK

Will Go to Mexico City, While Brig. Gen. Devol Will Direct Activities on Border.

Contributions for the relief of the starving and plague-suffering people of Mexico, in response to an appeal to the American people issued by President Wilson as head of the American Red Cross, will be received by The Star and acknowledged as soon as they are turned over to the Red Cross headquarters

Recent contributors are: Secretary Bryan, \$25; Judge A. B. Hagner, \$25; Mrs. A. S. Burleson, \$5; Dr. and Mrs. Gunnell, \$5, and Miss Fanny Gardiner, 50 cents.

More than 20,000 hungry Mexicans already have been fed at Monterey, States. More than 7.000 starving peo ple were supplied with corn yesterday Gens. Davila, Zertuche and Santos

have expressed to Consul General American people for the assistance. The consul general made another ap-Previous reports that the note peal today for corn, beans and rice, to "save the lives" of people, most of

### To Direct Relief Work.

The executive board of the American Red Cross has decided to send S. P. supervise the society's activities in central Mexico. According to present plans, Mr. Morris will sail from New York for Vera Cruz next Thursday on the steamer Morro Castle.

Work on the border will be directed by Brig. Gen. Devol, general manager tageously shortened their front from of the Red Cross, who expects to leave for the Red Cross, who expects to leave for Texas in a day or two. The gen-eral will have the co-operation of all consular officers, as well as of the commanders of border military posts. Secretary Garrison has ordered that the army warehouses, with their facil-ities for loading and unloading, be placed at the disposal of Red Cross agents who are assembling food sup-plies sent to the border for transpor-tation into the interior of Mexico.

## Awaiting Complete Reports.

State Department officials today awaited full reports from American consular representatives in Mexico on conditions in the southern republic. The American consuls and consular agents throughout Mexico were inthe structed by telegraph last evening to send to the State Department immediately full reports on present condi-

tions in the territory under their observation.

These reports, covering every section These reports, covering every section and all factional jurisdictions, will facilitate the work of the American Red Cross in relieving Mexico's starving civilian population, and at the same time aid the government in developing the next step in its policy toward the contending military elements.

## AIDING EXODUS FROM MEXICO.

British Consul Co-Operating With U. S. Official in Behalf of Foreigners VERA CRUZ, June 5 .- The British consul, Mr. Henderson, has been instructed to accompany Arnold Shank lin, the American consul general in Mexico City, back to the capital in or der to bring out from there all for-eigners who desire to come. Mr. Shanklin will leave Vera Cruz Monday for Mexico City.

## MEXICANS COMMEND NOTE.

New Faction in Lower California Proclaims Its Neutrality.

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. COLORADO. SAN DIEGO, Cal., June 5.-President Wilson's Mexican message commanded universal commendation from leading Mexicans in the important seaport and railroad terminal of Guaymas, Sonora, according to radio advices received by Admiral Howard aboard his flagship, the cruiser Colorado, in port here. Other dispatches report a new fac tion in control of La Paz, Lower Cali-

fornia, which proclaimed its neutrality regarding all forces in the field, and sent agents to the leaders of other factions asking that this neutrality be

## **ENEMY AIRSHIPS AGAIN** SHELL ENGLISH COASTS

Little Damage Said to Have Been Done-Casualties Apparently Few.

LONDON, June 5.-Hostile airships dropped bombs on the east and southeast coasts of England last night. Little damage was done, and the casual

ties apparently were few. The bombs were thrown down at a number of different places, which have Galician front indicate that the Ausnot as yet been enumerated This information is contained in an official statement given out here today. Przemysl.

## English Sentence German Spy.

LONDON, June 5 .- Official announcenent is made that a German spy named to fall. ment is made that a German spy named Muller had been sentenced to death. Another spy named Hahn was sentenced to seven years in prison. Muller eastward by defending the positions that reports of Americans in Germany having been warned to be prepared to leave were attributable to the em
[Continued on Second Page.]

| Muller had been sentenced to death Another spy named Hahn was sentenced to seven years in prison. Muller eastward by defending the positions to the committed suicide in Brixton prison, London. All three were attributable to the em
[Continued on Second Page.]

# **CONTINUES IN EAST**

Vienna Claims Victorious Sweep Goes on, But Petrograd Reports Successes.

RUSSIAN FORCES DRIVEN FROM THE RIVER SAN

Movement of German Center Said to Have Been Stopped Ten Miles

East of Przemysl.

LONDON, June 5 .- In Galicia heavy fighting continues all along the front. From the Vienna reports it would appear that the Austro-German armies were still sweeping back the Russians The Petrograd war office, however, advances claims of success in several en-

Notwithstanding the evacuation of Przemysl the Russians have maintained an unbroken fighting front on both sides of the railroad to Lemberg.

## River San Abandoned.

In a dispatch from Petrograd the Morning Post's correspondent says: "The River San except on its lowe reaches has been abanooned as well as Przemysl. The Russians removed all their stores and munitions from Przemysl, a process which occupied a couple of weeks owing to the enormous quan tities concentrated there by the Aus trians. The process was completed Wednesday and during the succeeding night the Russians quietly retired to prepared positions east of the fortress."

### Germans Use Fresh Troops.

Further discusion of the evacuation Petrograd today that the Germans doubled their forces operating on their southeastern front during the Galician advance, and that fresh troops and artillery are still being sent in. Most of these reinforcements are being di Morris, acting national director, to rected toward the Russian left flank in Mexico City to take charge of relief the Dneister region, this having bework there and, as far as possible, to supervise the society's activities in

rro-German attack.

The movement of the German center would appear to have been stopped ten miles to the east of Przemysl, and the elimination of the irregularities of the Russian alignment has, according to Russian militarists advanfifty to fifteen miles.

## Now in Straight Line.

The front line from Gussakow to Voldava previously received its length and its irregularity because of the necessity of including the ring of the Przemysl forts. Then it was fifty miles the two points and not more than fif-

the two points and not more than fifteen miles long.

With this center of the Galician operations marking time, the Germans
are described as being forced back on
their extreme left, near the lower San,
and as advancing toward-the Dniester
fortifications on their right. This gives
the situation as a whole the character
of a slow pivoting movement, with
Przemysl as the center.

Was, where fighting is still in progress.

The Teutonic allies have succeeded,
however, in joining their forces along
a continuous front moving eastward,
which has relieved the difficult posttion of the north wing.

The only serious opposition which is
expected will probably be offered near
the Grodek lakes, south of Lemberg,
where the Russians may be able to
throw in reserves. It is expected that
the army of Gen. Linsingen, moving
Przemysl as the center.

Gains Heap of Buins.

## Gains Heap of Ruins.

The Times Petrograd correspondent

"By the capture of Przemysl the a fortress, but of a heap of ruins Everything of value had been gradual ly removed during the past month. ly removed during the past month.

"The loss of the fortress doesn't decide the Galician campaign, but it emphasizes the necessity for a greater supply of munitions and equipment, which the Russian industries are unable single-handed to provide. Until these supplies can reach us it will perforce be necessary for the Russians to assume the defensive."

## **Russians Not Worried** Over Przemysl's Fall;

Concede Moral Victory

PETROGRAD, June 5 .- News of the fall of Przemysl apparently has awak ened no apprehension here. It is con seded that the Germans have won "moral victory," but the strategic im-portance of the fortress, according to the opinion expressed here, had beer nullified before the Russians relinquished it.

It is pointed out that the position was weakened on account of the destruction by the Austrians of forts a the time they evacuated it in March Furthermore, the fortress, projecting in an acute angle into the territory held by the Austro-German forces, was made by them the target for attacks from three sides. Consequently it required more men for defense than the Russian military authorities believed was justified by its strategic importance.

## Event Is Regretted.

From the standpoint of sentimen the evacuation of Przemysl is greatl regretted by both the military and civil elements in Petrograd. At the same time it is being explained that the abandonment of the position ha been regarded here for some time pas as strategically imperative, and that preparations to leave it had been preparations to leave it had been going on for a month. The released garrison will now be available for field operations, whereas, if an attempt to hold out had been made between 120,000 and 140,000 men would have been locked up at the mercy of the heavy Austrian guns.

## Russ Przemysl Forces Were Able to Retreat.

**German Capital Admits** BERLIN, June 5 .- Reports from the tro-German troops are now in com plete possession of all parts o stubbornly each advance, but at length were driven from the eastern and southeastern forts, which were the last



TAKING ACCOUNT OF STOCK.

of One or More of

## of field guns, they were too far away to be effective. Apparently the city suffered little during the Russian occupation. Huge Stores Recovered. TURN FOR THE WORSE | Half-Holiday for Clerks Begins Sat-

Huge stores of provisions were recovered and considerable amount of Ruler Must Submit to the Removal

war material was captured. Immediately after the occupation of Przemys Gen. von Mackensen's army pressed eastward. It encountered the Russian rear guards on the heights near Medyka, where fighting is still in progress

threaten the Russians from if they offer such resistance. the rear The temperature of the patient last tention to make a change, is as fol-

## PRINCE BAGRATIO KILLED.

Son-in-Law of Grand Duke Constantine Meets Death in Battle. LONDON, June 5 .- "During the re-

cent fighting in Galicia," says the Morning Post Petrograd correspond- he suffered a relapse. ent, "Prince Bagratio Mouchransky

This was the grand duke's second be-reavement, his fourth son, Prince Oleg, having been killed on the Niemen in

## CATHOLICS IN GERMANY WILL PRAY FOR PEACE

COLOGNE, June 5 .- Cardinal Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, has issued a pastoral letter direcing that a

ing from pleurisy for several weeks, day's work on Saturdays for all clerks and his condition has been far from and other employes of the federal govsatisfactory. He underwent an operation the latter part of May, after which executive or other orders in conflict The reports concerning his progres

who a couple of years ago married the have been more or less contradictory, Princess Tatiana, eldest daughter of but recently his condition is said to Grand Duke Constantine, fell at the have been critical. King Constantine's head of his squadron of the Cavalier wife is a sister of Emperor William of

evening was 99.6; pulse, 102, and respi-

Suffering From Pleurisy.

The King of Greece has been suffer-

## CONFER UPON FINANCES.

Hold Long Session at Nice.

4th

10.403

3,574

2,077

4,242

newspaper, newspaper, newspaper,

6,329

4,530

4,430

4,091

NICE, Italy, June 5.-Reginald Mc the British cabinet, and Paola Carcano, Italian minister of the treasury sued a pastoral letter direcing that a petition for peace be included in the general prayers of the Catholic churches in Germany.

The Heart and Center

of Merchandising

Washington appeals to the local merchants

and business men as the great medium for con-

veving public information about all manner of

business. The Star is the heart and center of

preciative of this, as evidenced by the amount

of advertising which they placed in the Wash-

LOCAL DISPLAY

Lines of Advertising

Monday .... 14,218 4,642 4,183 1,958

7.901

8.286

7.460

The Star has printed nearly a page a day

more local display advertising this week than

The wise merchants of Washington are ap-

merchandising in Washington.

ington newspapers this week.

Tuesday ... 22,191

Wednesday . 15,537

Thursday .. 22,994

Friday ..... 22,014 11,665

Totals ... 96,954 39,954 23,563

the other three mediums combined.

The universal circulation of The Star in

## executive or other orders in conflict herewith, except the executive order of April 4, 1908, relating to certain naval stations, are hereby revoked. "Provided, however, that this order shall not apply to any bureau or office of the government, or to any of the clerks or other employes thereof, that may for special public reasons be excepted therefrom by the head of the department having supervision or control of such bureau or office, or where the same would be inconsistent with the provisions of existing law. "WOODROW WILSON." British and Italian Cabinet Officers AMERICANS WARNED TO GET OUT OF LONDON

Receive Anonymous Telephone Calls Telling Them to Take Their Families.

urday, June 19, and Continues

Three Months.

ows:
"It is hereby ordered that from June

15 to September 15 of each year, until

LONDON, June 5.-Several American residents of London today informed Robert P. Skinner, the American con sul general here, that last night they received anonymous telephone calls warning them to get out of London with their families at once. Among those thus notified was M. K. Shaler, a member of the American Belgian relief commission, who was told by an unknown voice over the telephone not to stir from his home during the night, and, furthermore, to fill the bathtubs in his house with wa-

ter.

For several days reports have been in circulation in London that all American women here had been warned to leave England by June 5.

According to the report the American embassy had been requested by Berlin to issue a warning of this nature. Investigation brought the information that the ambassador had received no such request.

Record Class at Military Academy. WEST POINT, N. Y., June 5 .- The last week of the class days of the class of 1915 at the United States Military Academy, "June week," so called, be-gins tomorrow, and from then till the graduation exercises next Saturday the reviews, dances, reunions, receptions and other features of commencement week will hold sway. One hundred and sixty-eight cadets will get their diplomas—the largest class in the history of the academy.

Prohibition Leader Dies. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 5 .- Felix T. McWhirter, president of the Peoples State Bank, died at his home here to day of uremic poisoning. He had been a leader in the national prohibition party for years,

## TEUTON TORPEDOES SINK TEN VESSELS

Two Transatlantic Steamers. Iona and Inkum, Among Destroyed.

SEVERAL TRAWLERS ARE SENT TO BOTTOM

Danish Ship Cyrus One Victim-No Loss of Life in Sea Warfare Reported.

LONDON, June 5.-Germans are now even more vigorously pressing their submarine campaign against British shipping. The past twenty-four hours has been particularly disastrous, reports of ten torpedoed vessels coming one after the other.

The liner Iona, for Montreal with freight from Middlesborough, England, and carrying no passengers, was tor-pedoed and sunk off the coast of Scotland, ding to a report received by agents of the line here last night. The Aberdeen fishing steamer Chryso phrasus has been sent to the bottom

Crews Are Landed. crews-fifty-three men belonging the steamer Iona and nine from the berdeen fishing steamer Chrysophrasus ave been landed at Kirkwall. The Iona was sunk twenty-four miles

south of Fair Isle, Scotland, being tor-pedoed after her crew had left her. The Chrysophrasus was sent to the bottom about forty-five miles off Stronsay, one of the Orkney Islands. In each case it is alleged that the sub-marines shelled the boats as they were In each case it is alleged that the sub-arines shelled the boats as they were eing launched. Two of the Iona's crew ere seriously and two slightly wounded.

### Steamer Inkum Lost.

The British steamer Inkum, from New York to London, was torpedoes forty-three miles southwest of Lizard

Wendla.

No submarine had been observed, when a terrific explosion shook the vessel, which began to settle. The crew took to the boats, but the steamer settled so slowly that some of them returned to the ship, hoping that they might save her. They noticed, however, the periscope of a submarine, which discharged a second torpedo, completing the work of destruction. FORMER ORDER STANDS

## Danish Vessel Torpedoed.

The Danish steamer Cyrus, with a argo of coal, from Burnt Island, Scot land, for Copenhagen, has been tor-pedoed. The crew, none of whose mem-No cabinet consideration or new excutive order will be necessary, as has bers was injured, were landed today by a Norwegian steamer at Stavanger. The men state that the Cyrus was torpedoed without werning.

ATHENS, June 5, via London, 12:07 p.m.—Announcement was made today that King Constantine of Greece has had a change for the worse, and that another operation on his majesty will have to be performed.

The operation will necessitate the removal of one or more of the king's ribs.

ginning of the summer half-holidays in the executive departments. Under the order issued last year by President Wilson \*\*The trawler Little Boy of Lowestoft has arrived at that port with the crews of the trawlers Horace and Economy on board, these two ships having been sunk by the Germans. A German submarine stopped the three trawlers in order last year on this subject, and it still holds good unless there is an infive minutes to board the Little Boy. After the transfer had been made the fishermen were sunk by bombs placed on board by the crew of the sub-

## Others Sent to Bottom

further notice, four hours, exclusive of time for luncheon, shall constitute a The steam drifter Ena May of Peterhead, the trawler Strathbran and the sailing ship George and Mary all have been sent to the bottom by German ernment, wherever employed; and all submarines. The crews of all three ships were saved.

The crew of a Lowestoft trawler has been landed. They say that their vessel was stopped in the North sea Thursday evening by a German submarine. The crew was ordered into the boats, after which the trawler was sunk by bombs.

## READ THEM **TOMORROW**

American Arms and Ammunition For the Allies" is the title of a timely and informative article. Mr. Robert and a Certain Party,"

by Sewell Ford, presents the inimitable Torchy again. Save the Home of John Paul Jones" is the plea of Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory, eldest daughter of Senator and Mrs. Lee Overman

The Human Pendulum?' bu Arthur E. McFarlane, tells how men took the hundredth chance -and got away with it.

Admiral Clark, the Hero of the Oregon, to Take the Old Ship Through the Panama Canal,

'Next!" by Edward Hungerford, divulges inside facts of the

Bill to Steve," by Ring W. Lardner, a new series of letters by the author of the "Busher Abroad" stories.

Cheer Un!"-an invitation to you to tell why you are thankful. 'American College Men Drive Ambulances in the War" tells how lads from this country search the European battlefields

Paraguay, a Great Meat and Fruit Land of the Future," is the title of an interesting article by Frank G. Carpenter.

Italy May Lose Trade By Entering the World War," says Charles M. Pepper.

birdseye view of the new war zone, created when Italy threw her forces into the balance

> TOMORROW IN THE SUNDAY STAR

## PRESSURE ON FOE ON WESTERN LINE

Allies Subjected to Vicious Attacks as Teutonic Pendulum Swings From East.

## FRENCH CLAIM CAPTURE OF SOUCHEZ REFINERY

Trenches to the Northeast of Givenchy.

Kaiser's Forces Said to Have Lost Severely in Fighting Along Road From Menin to Ypres.

LONDON, June 5.-Heavy German offensive movements,

indicates that great bodies of troops are again being sent into the western campaign, now that Przemysl has fallen into Teutonic hands. British forces have been pressed back at several points, but the French declare that they continue their successful offensive movements. It is admitted, however, that gains made by either side have been insignificant when compared to

the correspondent. the correspondent.

The Germans have succeeded in recovering some trenches taken by the British northeast of Givenchy, and have stormed the chateau in the village of Hooge, part of which the British still hold, although for a time the British were compelled to evacuate the building which they had captured Monday night.

Bitter fighting betwen the Germans and French is proceeding near Souchez, where the French claim to have captured a number of positions and are now undergoing flerce counter at-

While the movements of both sides in the west in themselves are considered small matters in military circles here, they are believed to be the forerunners of a resumption of fighting on a large scale. French "Punching Hole." For some time it has been reported

that the French were slowly driving

out the Germans from strong positions

north of Arras and were, in the words

of an officer just returned from the

### front, "punching a hole in the German To stop this movement, and line."

cording to the British accounts, were suffering very severely from British attacks and through their own coun-ter attacks, the Germans has dis-patched a lot of new troops to the Arras-Ypres line. Tells of French Capture. The capture by the French of the sugar refinery near Souchez is described in a report given out today by

This is what it says: "Violent attacks on the part of the French from both the west and the south were met by a fire of the German batteries and machine guns locat-

## Germans Make Attack.

"Furious at having lost a position which would serve as a base for count-er attacks on Ablain, virtually all of which is in the possession of the French, the Germans made a desperate effort to regain it. Amid destroyed walls and great holes in the ground,

had attained the refinery itself it was found that the Germans already had found that the Germans already had withdrawn, and the position was promptly organized by the French. During this work a non-commissioned officer remained for eight hours at his post directing his men, and this in spite of the fact that he had a splinter from a shell in his thigh.

"In a period of three weeks nearly

# Daily Average, 69.768; Sunday, 52.765. ONE CENT.

British Admit They Have Lost Some

## HEAVY CASUALTIES REPORTED

which have been likened to a great pendulum swinging first from the east to the west then west to east, are about to be resumed north of Arras, on the plains of Flanders and in northern France, with renewed vigor. Already there has been sharp fighting as the pressure against the allies' lines has been height-Closing of the Belgian frontier

the enormous casualties.

## Severe German Losses

The Amsterdam Telegraaf's Bruges, Belgium, correspondent reports that there has been heavy fighting on the road from Menin to Ypres, with severe German losses. The allies, it is said. repulsed all attacks. The hospitals at Courtrai, Roulers and Thourout are full of newly wounded men, and long convoys of wounded are coming from

## Bitter Fighting at Souchez.

## also to relieve their troops, who, ac-

the official "eye-witness" at the front.

man batteries and machine guiss occar-ed on the north side of the refinery. The Germans resisted for some time, but finally were demoralized by the ar-tillery fire of the French and withdrew. "The basement of the factory was found to be filled with German dead, while the French losses were slight.

walls and great holes in the ground, made by large shells, the Germans began their attack at midnight. In this rapid and confused engagement the French were obliged to withdraw, but a watchful major prepared rapidly for a counter attack. The French company which had momentarily yielded later pushed forward, aided by reinforcements and an intense artiflery fire, under which the Germans feared their retreat would be cut off. Position Is Organized. "When the French counter attack